



Appointment of Audit Committee Barrister Member

Application Pack

June 2025

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The General Council of The Bar

Introduction

The General Council of the Bar (GCB), or Bar Council, represents and, through the independent Bar Standards Board (BSB), regulates, over 18,000 barristers in self-employed and employed practice.

The Bar Council

The Bar Council promotes:

- The Bar's high quality specialist advocacy and advisory services
- Fair access to justice for all
- The highest standards of ethics, equality and diversity across the profession, and
- The development of business opportunities for barristers at home and abroad.

In its representative capacity, the Bar Council work includes:

- Communicating regularly with the profession about key matters affecting its interests
- Influencing the development of public policy and legislation affecting the provision of specialist advocacy and advisory services and, more widely, in the profession's and the public interest
- Developing and promoting the work (and the values) of the Bar at home and abroad, to governments, legislatures, the media and other stakeholders, and
- Working to improve entry to the profession (with the aim of ensuring that the Bar is open to all with the requisite ability), to provide rewarding careers and to sustain the long-term future of the Bar.

The Bar Council's annual reports and Strategic Plan are available to view at this link.

The Bar Standards Board

The Bar Standards Board was established in January 2006 as a result of the GCB separating its regulatory and representative functions. It is an independent regulatory board responsible for regulating barristers called to the Bar of England and Wales.

The BSB mission is to regulate the Bar so as to promote high standards of practice and to promote and protect the public interest. The responsibilities cover the following key activities:

- Specifying the knowledge and skills which barristers must have on qualification and maintain throughout their careers;
- Setting the education and training requirements for acquiring the essential knowledge and skills, including administering central examinations;

- Setting continuing personal development requirements to ensure that barristers' skills are maintained throughout their careers;
- Setting standards of conduct for barristers;
- Authorising organisations that focus on advocacy, litigation, and specialist legal advice;
- Monitoring the service provided by barristers and the organisations we authorise to ensure they meet our requirements; and
- Assessing reports and allegations against barristers and the organisations we authorise and taking enforcement or other action where appropriate.

The BSB's annual reports and Strategic Plan are available to view at this <u>link</u>.

Vacancy

The Chair of the Bar seeks to appoint a practising Barrister Member to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee consists of 6 members including Officers of the Bar Council and BSB, one barrister, one BSB Board member and two independent appointments drawn from outside the Bar Council and BSB.

The terms of reference for the Audit Committee are included in Annex 3.

The Audit Committee plays an advisory role to the GCB in relation the GCB's role as an approved regulator for the purposes of the Legal Services Act 2007 on all corporate governance matters. It oversees internal and external audit processes, reviews the Bar Council and BSB's risk management strategies, ensures that effective risk control systems are in place, and keeps under review the Bar Council's insurance cover.

The following committees also operate in support of Bar Council and BSB activities within the focus of the Audit Committee.

- Finance Committee overseeing preparation of the entity's accounts; annual budgets and expenditure; PCF proposals; banking and investment arrangements, and the application of financial controls.
- General Management Committee (GMC) responsible for the management and strategic direction of the representational functions of the Bar Council.
- Governance, Risk and Audit Committee (GRA) of the Bar Standards Board - responsible for ensuring the Board's corporate governance standards and internal controls are maintained. The Committee keeps under review and advises the Board on all matters relating to the risk management framework and the BSB's internal audit function.

A full list of terms of reference for the above and other committees supporting representational and regulatory functions are included on the websites for Bar Council and Bar Standards Board.

Time commitment

Committee members are expected to play a full part in the work of the Audit Committee, and to prepare for and attend all its meetings.

The Audit Committee meets up to 4 times in the year (normally on a Thursday evening in March, July, August and December, though this may change from time to time), usually in Holborn, London, at the offices of the Bar Council. Members are encouraged to attend meetings in person, although remote attendance is also made available.

Meetings of the Committee are usually held at 5pm (finishing at 6.30pm), to accommodate the need for self-employed barrister members, who may be on the committee, to attend court during the day. However, from time to time meetings may start earlier.

On occasion, an ad hoc meeting may be called or members may be asked to become involved in a smaller working group of the Committee for which there will likely be additional meetings.

Criteria for appointment

It is crucial for the integrity of the system that those appointed should be of sufficient standing, integrity and judgement to inspire public confidence in the representative and regulatory arrangements. Candidates must be able to demonstrate that they can commit the time for this role.

All committee members are expected to abide by the Seven Principles of Public Life, a copy of which is at Annex 1 and to attributes expressed in Annex 2.

Terms and conditions

The following is intended as a general guide; specific terms and conditions will accompany letters of appointment.

Appointments will be for a period of up to three years and may be renewed for a further term of three years, subject to satisfactory performance and the interests of the Bar Council and the Bar Standards Board.

How to apply

Link to view the vacancy Application Packs.

Candidates should send a copy of their CV accompanied by a covering letter (maximum two pages of A4) outlining their suitability for the role, describing their skills and experience that are relevant to the criteria above.

Applications should be submitted to the Governance Office at: Governance@BarCouncil.org.uk.

The closing date for applications is 24 June 2025.

Reasonable adjustments

If you have a disability or for any other good reason are seeking a **reasonable adjustment** to the recruitment process, please contact Justina Naik, Governance and Committees Manager, to discuss at JNaik@barcouncil.org.uk.

Further information

Candidates with queries regarding the position, should contact Richard Cullen, Director of Finance, at rcullen@barcouncil.org.uk, in the first instance to arrange an informal discussion.

Annex 1

The 'Seven Principles of Public Life' form the basis of the ethical standards expected of public office holders. These principles were devised by the Committee of Standards in Public Life (CSPL):

- 1. **Selflessness**: Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest.
- 2. **Integrity**: Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. They must declare and resolve any interests and relationships.
- 3. **Objectivity**: Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias.
- 4. **Accountability**: Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.
- 5. **Openness**: Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.
- 6. **Honesty**: Holders of public office should be truthful.
- 7. **Leadership**: Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behaviour and treat others with respect. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs.

Annex 2

Competencies, Experience and Attributes

Core competencies for committee members

All applicants are expected to be able to demonstrate the following competencies:

- 1. An interest in and commitment to the integrity of the justice system and diversity.
- 2. Understanding, experience and knowledge of financial, other functional and statutory audit and oversight activities;
- 3. Understanding, analysing and reaching decisions on complex or sensitive issues:
- 4. Working as part of a team and contributing strongly and robustly to debates to reach a collegiate decision;
- 5. Commitment to public interest and the "Nolan Principles" of public life.

In addition to the core competencies all members should meet the following relevant criteria:

- Members should undertake that they are able to do the necessary
 preparatory work, attend Committee meetings and any necessary
 induction training and be accessible to provide advice to the Bar
 Council.
- 7. They must not be the subject of criminal charges, directors disqualification orders or be undischarged bankrupts;
- 8. Barristers must not be the subject of orders or undertakings under the Fitness to Practise Rules or Interim Suspension Rules; and
- Members should not be subject to exclusion from the Committee under its policy governing members who are the subject of current complaints or findings of professional misconduct or inadequate professional service.

Annex 3

Excerpt from Bar Council Standing Orders for Joint Committees

13. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are:

Governance and Risk Management

- a. To advise on the GCB's role as an approved regulator for the purposes of the Legal Services Act 2007 on all corporate governance matters and to review the effectiveness of all internal controls, including financial management arrangements and internal business processes and in so doing to make appropriate use for this purpose of:
 - i. internal audits;
 - ii. external audits; and
 - iii. reports and assurances from the representative, regulatory and Resources Group functions.
- b. To review the risk management arrangements of the representative, regulatory and Resources Group functions, including processes for assessing, reporting, owning and managing risks to the corporate entity and their reputational and financial implications across all parts of the GCB, and to make recommendations and seek assurances or clarification as may be necessary or desirable in the interests of the GCB as a whole;
- c. To receive risk registers at each meeting and seek assurances that effective control systems are in place and are being adhered to from the Director of Finance, Chief Executive of the GCB and the Director General of the BSB;
- d. To review and make arrangements on whistleblowing processes and the arrangements for investigating fraud, corruption and error;
- e. To keep under review the level and nature of the GCB's insurance cover;
- f. To keep under review the GCB's accounting policies; and
- g. To review the findings of the internal and external auditors, if appropriate, and ensure that issues raised in the management letter are addressed by the appropriate GCB staff, and to ensure that issues raised by the Audit Committee are appropriately responded to;

Internal Audit

h. To receive assurances from the 'first instance' GCB and BSB panels/committees that the processes in place for internal audit are effective and that any actions raised are addressed;

External Audit

- i. To make recommendations to the GCB on the appointment and removal of the external auditors:
- j. To oversee the relationship with the external auditors, including:
 - i. there is a retender for an external audit firm at least every five years;
 - ii. that no audit firm is, normally, appointed as an external auditor for longer than 10 years (any extension will require the approval of the Audit Committee); and
 - iii. ensuring that the external auditors are informed of any significant developments or risks which might impact upon the audit process or fee;
 - iv. that the Audit Committee should approve any non-audit services to the GCB.
- k. To monitor and review the external auditor's independence, objectivity and effectiveness;
- I. To review the findings of the external auditor and ensure that appropriate actions are being taken;
- m. To determine and keep under review policy on the engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit or consultancy services;
- n. To scrutinise the integrity of the GCB's Annual Report and Accounts and, subject to audit, to recommend them for approval by the GCB; and

Statutory Compliance

 To review and make recommendations on the processes in place to ensure that the GCB meets its statutory obligations, including those with regard to employment, data protection and health and safety.

14. The membership of the Audit Committee shall be:

a. A Chair who is an independent lay person with relevant audit knowledge and experience nominated by the Chair of the GCB and the Chair of the BSB acting in accordance with the Seven Principles of Public Life and taking account of best practice for public appointments, including the Governance Code on Public Appointments. In the case of a tie in any matter put to an Audit Committee vote, the Audit Committee Chair shall have the casting vote;

- b. A Vice-Chair (who is preferably, but need not be, a practising barrister) with relevant audit knowledge and experience nominated jointly (in consultation with the Chair of the Audit Committee) by the Chair of the GBC and the Chair of the BSB, and who shall be deemed independent of both the GCB and BSB on appointment, who shall be appointed for a term of three years, renewable once:
- c. A practising barrister nominated by the Chair of the GCB, who shall be appointed for a term of three years, renewable once;
- d. A member of the BSB nominated by the Chair of the BSB, who shall be appointed for a term of three years, renewable once, or for a term co-terminous with their membership of the BSB's Board; and
- e. Two members (who may, but need not, be practising barristers) nominated jointly (in consultation with the Chair of the Audit Committee) by the Chair of the GCB and the Chair of the BSB acting in accordance with the Seven Principles of Public Life and taking account of best practice for public appointments, including the Governance Code on Public Appointments, who shall be deemed independent of both the GCB and the BSB on appointment and who shall be appointed for a term of three years, renewable once.

In attendance: the Chief Executive, the Director General of the BSB, other senior staff as necessary.

- 15. No person who is a member of the Finance Committee may also be (or act as an alternate for) a member of the Audit Committee.
- 16. The members of the Audit Committee identified in paragraph 14(c) and (d) above may nominate an alternate who is entitled to take their place at any meeting which the member is unable to attend, providing that alternate is not also a member of the Finance Committee.
- 17. The quorum for meetings of the Audit Committee shall be three members (or alternates).